

DA RESTITUIRE INSIEME AGLI ELABORATI e A TUTTI I FOGLI
 → NON USARE FOGLI NON TIMBRATI
 → ANDARE IN BAGNO PRIMA DELL'INIZIO DELLA PROVA
 → NO FOGLI PERSONALI, NO TELEFONI, SMARTPHONE/WATCH, ETC

COGNOME _____

NOME _____

NOTA: dovrà essere consegnato l'elaborato dell'es.1 come file <COGNOME>.s e quelli dell'es. 4 come files <COGNOME>.v e <COGNOME>.png

1) [10/30] Trovare il codice assembly RISC-V corrispondente al seguente micro-benchmark (utilizzando solo e unicamente istruzioni dalla tabella sottostante), rispettando le convenzioni di uso dei registri dell'assembly (riportate qua sotto, per riferimento).

```
void qsort2(float *array, int from, int to) {
    if (from >= to) return;
    float pivot = array[from];
    int i = from, j;
    float temp;
    for (j = from + 1; j <= to; j++) {
        if (array[j] < pivot) {
            i = i + 1;
            temp = array[i];
            array[i] = array[j];
            array[j] = temp;
        }
    }
    temp = array[i];
    array[i] = array[from];
    array[from] = temp;
    qsort2(array, from, i-1);
    qsort2(array, i+1, to);
}
```

Nota: 'int' è un intero a 64 bit.

```
int main() {
    int number_of_elements;
    read_int(&number_of_elements);
    float array[number_of_elements];
    int iter;
    for (iter = 0; iter < number_of_elements; iter++) {
        read_float(&array[iter]);
    }
    qsort2(array, 0, number_of_elements-1);
    for (iter = 0; iter < number_of_elements; iter++) {
        print_float(array[iter]);
        print_string(" ");
    }
    print_string("\n");
    exit(0);
}
```

RISCV Instructions (RV64IMFD)

v221117

Instruction coding (hexadecimal)			Instruction	Example	Register operation	Meaning (* instructions available only in RV64, i.e. 64-bit case)
funct7/imm	funct3	opcode				
00	0	33/3b	add	add/addw x5,x6,x7	x5 ← x6 + x7	Add two operands; exception possible (addw**)
20	0	33/3b	subtract	sub/subw x5,x6,x7	x5 ← x6 - x7	Subtracts two operands; exception possible (subw**)
imm	0	13/1b	add immediate	addi/addiw x5,x6,100	x5 ← x6 + 100	Add a constant; exception possible (addiw**)
01	0	33/3b	multiply	mul/mulw x5,x6,x7	x5 ← x6 * x7	(signed/word) Lower 64 bits of 128-bits product (mulw**)
01	1	33	multiply high	mulh x5,x6,x7	x5 ← x6 * x7	Higher 64bits of 128-bits product
01	4	33/3b	division	div/divw x5,x6,x7	x5 ← x6/x7	(signed/word) division (divw**)
01	6	33/3b	remainder	rem/remw x5,x6,x7	x5 ← x6 % x7	Remainder of the division (remw**)
00	2/3	33	set on less than	slt/sltu x5,x6,x7	if (x6 < x7) x5 ← 1; else x5 ← 0	signed compare x6 and x7 (less than)
imm	2/3	13	set on less than immediate	slti/sltiu x5,x6,100	if (x6 < 100) x5 ← 1; else x5 ← 0	unsigned compare x6 and 100 (less than)
00	7/6/4	33	and / or / xor	and/or/xor x5,x6,x7	x5 ← x6&x7 / x6 x7 / x6^x7	Logical AND/OR/XOR register operand
imm	7/6/4	13	and / or / xor immediate	andi/ori/xori x5,x6,100	x5 ← x6&100 / x6 100 / x6^100	Logical AND/OR/XOR constant operand
0	1	33/3b	shift left logical	sll/sllw x5,x6,x7	x5 ← x6 << x7	Shift left by register (sllw**)
imm	1	13/1b	shift left logical immediate	slli/slliw x5,x6,10	x5 ← x6 << 10	Shift left by the immediate value (slliw**)
0	5	33/3b	shift right logical	srl/srlw x5,x6,x7	x5 ← x6 >> x7	Shift right by register (srlw**)
imm	5	13/1b	shift right logical immediate	srli/srliw x5,x6,10	x5 ← x6 >> 10	Shift left by immediate value (srliw**)
20	5	33/3b	shift right arithmetic	sra/sraw x5,x6,x7	x5 ← x6 >> x7 (arith.)	Shift right by register (sign is preserved) (sraw**)
imm	5	13/1b	shift right arithmetic immediate	sraiw/sraiw x5,x6,10	x5 ← x6 >> 10 (arith.)	Shift right by immediate value (sraiw**)
imm	3/2/0	03	load dword / word / byte	ld/lw/lb x5,100(x6)	x5 ← MEM[x6+100]	Data from memory to register
imm	6/4	03	load word / byte unsigned	lwu/lbu x5,100(x6)	x5 ← MEM[x6+100]	Data from mem. To reg.; no sign extension (lwu**)
imm	3/2	23	store dword / word / byte	sd/sw/sb x5,100(x6)	MEM[x6+100] ← x5	Data from register to memory (sw**)
imm[31:12]	-	37	load upper immediate	lui x5,0x12345	x5 ← 0x12345000	Load most significant 20 bits
PSEUDOINSTRUCTION			load address	la x5,var	x5 ← &var (PSEUDO INST.) load address of 'var' in x5	REAL INST.: lui x5,H20(&var);ori x5,L12(&var) INST. (H20=high 20 bits of &var; L12=low 12 bits of &var)
imm[31:12] (rd=0)	-	6/63	jump/branch	j/b label	PC ← off (off=PC-&label) (PS.INST.)	REAL INST.: jal x0,offset/beq x0,x0,offset
imm[11:0] (rs1=rs2=0)	0	6f	jump and link (offset)	jal label	x1 ← (PC+4); PC ← offset (PS.INST.)	REAL INST.: jal x1,offset (offset=PC-&label)
imm[31:12] (rd=1)	-	6f	return from procedure	ret	PC ← x1 (PSEUDO INST.)	REAL INST.: jalr x0,0(x1)
imm (rd=0,rs=1)	0	67	jump and link register	jalr x1,100(x5)	x1 ← (PC+4); PC=x5+100	Procedure return; indirect call
imm+2	0/1	63	branch on equal / not-equal	beq/bne x5,x6,100	if (x5 ==/= x6) PC=PC+100	Equal / Not-equal test; PC relative branch
00 (rs1=0,rs2=0,rd=0)	0	73	ecall	ecall	SEPC ← PC; PC ← STVEC; save PL/IE; PL=1; IE=0	Call OS (service number in a7); PL= privilege lev; IE=int.en.
08 (rs1=0,rs2=2,rd=0)	0	73	sret	sret	PC ← SEPC; restore PL/IE	Exit supervisor mode; PL= privilege lev; IE=int.en.
PSEUDOINSTRUCTION			move	mv x5,x6	x5 ← x6 (PSEUDO INST.)	REAL INST.: add x5,x0,x6
PSEUDOINSTRUCTION			load immediate	li x5,100	x5 ← 100 (PSEUDO INST.)	REAL INST.: addi x5,x0,100
PSEUDOINSTRUCTION			no operation (nop)	nop	do nothing (PSEUDO INST.)	REAL INST.: addi x0,x0,0
{0,1} / {4,5}	0	53	floating point add/sub	fadd/fsub.{s,d} f0,f1,f2	f0 ← f1+f2 / f0 ← f1-f2	Single or double precision add / subtract
{8,9} / {c,d}	0	53	floating point multiplication/division	fmul/fdiv.{s,d} f0,f1,f2	f0 ← f1*f2 / f0 ← f1/f2	Single or double precision multiplication / division
PSEUDOINSTRUCTION			floating point move between f-regs	fmv.{s,d} f0,f1	f0 ← f1 (PSEUDO INST.)	REAL INST.: fsgnj.{s,d} f0,f1,f1
PSEUDOINSTRUCTION			floating point negate	fneg.{s,d} f0,f1	f0 ← -f1 (PSEUDO INST.)	REAL INST.: fsgnjn.{s,d} f0,f1,f1
PSEUDOINSTRUCTION			floating point absolute value	fabs.{s,d} f0,f1	f0 ← f1 (PSEUDO INST.)	REAL INST.: fsgnjx.{s,d} f0,f1,f1
{50,51}	0/1/2	53	floating point compare	fle/flt/feq.{s,d} x5,f0,f1	x5 ← (f0 <= f1)	Single and double: compare f0 and f1 <= <=
{70,71} (rs2=0)	0	53	move between x (integer) and f regs	fmv.x.{s,d} x5,f0	x5 ← f0 (no conversion)	Copy (no conversion)
{78,79} (rs2=0)	0	53	move between f and x regs	fmv.{s,d}.x f0,x5	f0 ← x5 (no conversion)	Copy (no conversion)
imm	2	7	load/store floating point (32bit)	flw/fsw f0,0(x5)	f0 ← MEM[x5] / MEM[x5] ← f0	Data from FP register to memory
imm	3	7	load/store floating point (64bit)	fld/fsd f0,0(x5)	f0 ← MEM[x5] / MEM[x5] ← f0	Data from FP register to memory
21/20 (rs2=0)	7	53	convert to/from double from/to single	fcvt.d.s/fcvt.s.d f0,f1	f0 ← (double)f1 / f0 ← (single)f1	Type conversion
{60,61} (rs2=0)	7	53	convert to integer from (single,double)	fcvt.w.{s,d} x5,f0	x5 ← (int)f0	Type conversion
{68,69} (rs2=0)	7	53	convert to (single,double) from integer	fcvt.{s,d}.w f0,x5	f0 ← ((single,double))x5	Type conversion
{2c,2d} (rs2=0)	0	53	square root	fsqrt.{s,d} f0,f1	f0 ← square root of f1	Single or double square root
{10,11}	0/1/2	53	sign injection	fsgnj/jn/jx.{s,d} f0,f1,f2	f0 ← sgn(f2) f1 / -sgn(f2) f1 / sgn(f2) f1	Extract the mantissa and exp. from f1 and sign from f2

Register Usage

Register	ABI Name	Usage
x10-x11	a0-a1	arguments and results
x9, x18-x27	s1, s2-s11	Saved
x5-7, x28-x31	t0-t2, t3-t6	Temporaries
x12-x17	a2-a7	Arguments

Register	ABI Name	Usage
x0	zero	The constant value 0
x8, x2	s0/fp, sp	frame pointer, stack pointer
x1, x3	ra, gp	return address, global pointer
x4	tp	thread pointer

Register	ABI Name	Usage
f10-f11	fa0-fa1	Argument and Return values
f8-f9, f18-f27	fs0-fs1, fs2-fs11	Saved registers
f0 - f7, f28-f31	ft0-ft7, ft8-ft11	Temporaries registers
f12-17	fa2-fa7	Function arguments

System calls

Service Name	Serv.No.(a7)	INPUT Arguments	OUTPUT Args
print_int	1	a0=integer to print	---
print_float	2	fa0=float to print	---
print_double	3	fa0=double to print	---
print_string	4	a0=address of ASCIIZ string to print	---
read_int	5	---	a0=integer

Service Name	Serv.No.(a7)	INPUT Arguments	OUTPUT Arguments
read_float	6	---	fa0=float
read_double	7	---	fa0=double
read_string	8	a0=address of input buffer, a1=max chars to read	---
sbrk	9	a0=Number of bytes to be allocated	a0=pointer to allocated memory
exit	10	---	---

